NORC at the University of Chicago

How to Develop the Right Research Questions for Program Evaluation



Learning Objectives



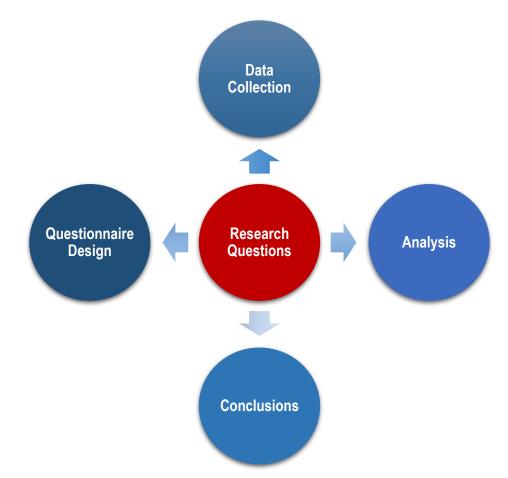
By the end of this presentation, you will be able to:

- Understand the importance of research questions
- Understand the four basic steps for developing research questions
- Write research questions for different types of evaluation designs (i.e., process evaluation and outcome evaluation)

Why are Research Questions Important?



- Foundation of a successful evaluation
- Define the topics the evaluation will investigate
- Guide the evaluation planning process
- Provide structure to evaluation activities



Steps for Developing Research Questions

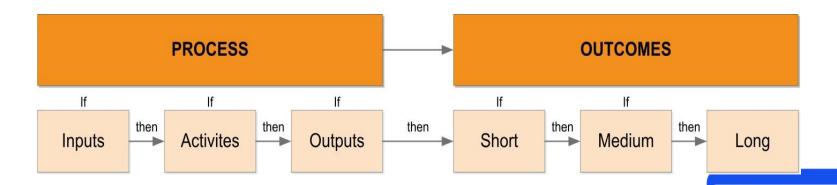


- Step 1: Develop a logic model to clarify program design and theory of change
- Step 2: Define the evaluation's purpose and scope
- Step 3: Determine the type of evaluation design: process, outcome, or impact
- Step 4: Draft and finalize evaluation's research questions

Step 1: Develop a Logic Model to Clarify the Program Design



- A logic model is a graphic "snapshot" of how a program works (its theory of change); it communicates the intended relationships among program components.
 - Inputs, activities, and outputs on the left side of the logic model depict a program's processes/implementation
 - Changes that are expected to result from these processes are called outcomes and are depicted on the right side of the logic model
- Research questions should test some aspect of the program's theory of change as depicted in a logic model.



Example Logic Model for Health Literacy Program



INPUTS	ACTIVITIES	OUTPUTS	Outcomes			
ACTIVITIES OF		3011 010	Short-Term		Long-Term	
What we invest	What we do	Direct products from program activities	Changes in knowledge, skills, attitudes, opinions	Changes in behavior or action that result from participants' new knowledge	Meaningful changes, often in their condition or status in life	
Funding 4 FT staff	Develop and disseminate accurate, accessible, and actionable health and	500 health and safety education materials disseminated	Increase in residents' understanding of prevention and self-management	Increase in residents' adoption of healthy behaviors and recommendations of	Improved health and wellness status and quality of life for residents in the area	
100 AmeriCorps members serve as	safety information	4 half-day workshop sessions (at least 20 residents per	of conditions	the program (such as getting necessary		
health care advisors	Conduct health literacy workshops	session; 80 total) 100 individual and small	Increase in residents' motivation to adopt good health practices	medical tests)		
10 partnerships with community-based organizations	Provide individualized health literacy sessions	group health literacy sessions (60 mins each) serving 300 people	Increase in residents' ability to search for and use health information			
Member training						

Step 2: Define the Evaluation's Purpose and Scope



As you define the evaluation's purpose and scope, the following questions should be considered:

- Why is the evaluation being done? What information do stakeholders need or hope to gain from the evaluation?
- What requirements does the evaluation need to fulfill?
- Which components of the program are the strongest candidates for evaluation?
- How does the evaluation align with the long-term research agenda for your program?
- What resources (budget, staff, time) are available for the evaluation?

Step 2: Define the Evaluation's Purpose and Scope



- Why is the evaluation being done? What information do stakeholders need or hope to gain from the evaluation?
 - Each evaluation should have a primary purpose

- What requirements does the evaluation need to fulfill?
 - Funders may have specific expectations

- Which components of the program are the strongest candidates for evaluation?
 - You do not need to evaluate your whole program at once

Step 2: Define the Evaluation's Purpose and Scope



- How does the evaluation align with the long-term research agenda for your program?
 - What do you want to know in 5 or 10 years?

- What resources (budget, staff, time) are available for the evaluation?
 - Evaluation's scope should align with resources

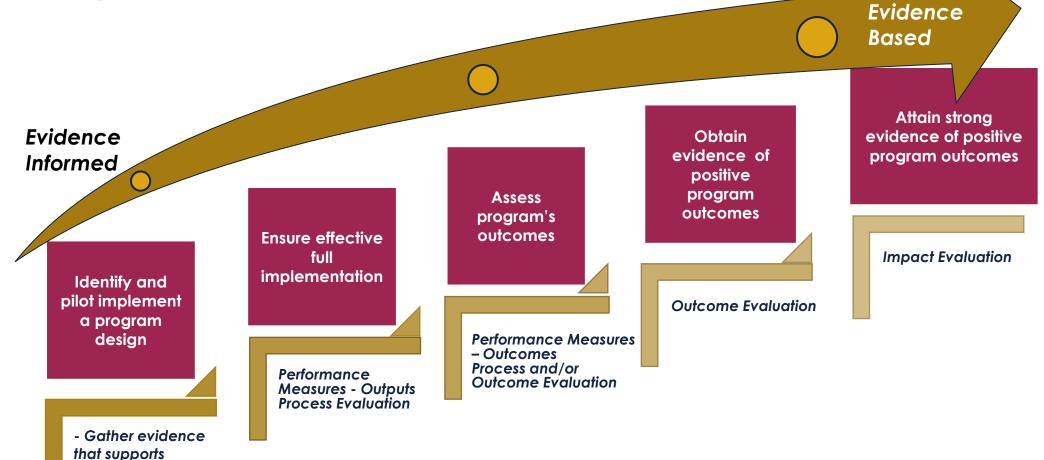
Building Evidence of Effectiveness

program design
- Develop logic

implementation

model - Pilot





Step 3: Determine Type of Evaluation: Process, Outcome, or Impact

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Process Evaluation	Outcome Evaluation	Impact Evaluation
 Goal is generally to inform changes or improvements in the program's operations Documents what the program is doing and to what extent and how consistently the program has been implemented as intended Does not require a comparison group Includes qualitative and quantitative data collection 	 Goal is to identify the results or effects of a program on its beneficiaries Measures program beneficiaries' changes in knowledge, attitude(s), behavior(s) and/or condition(s) that result from a program May include a comparison group Typically requires quantitative data and may use either descriptive or advanced statistical methods 	 Goal is to estimate the impact of a program on beneficiaries relative to a control or comparison group that receives no or an alternative program Measures both the changes in program beneficiaries' knowledge, attitude(s), behavior(s) and/or condition(s) and those same changes in a comparison or control group Requires quantitative data and advanced statistical methods

Step 4: Draft and Finalize Evaluation's Research Questions



One or more questions that reflect what your study is trying to understand and/or assess about your program.

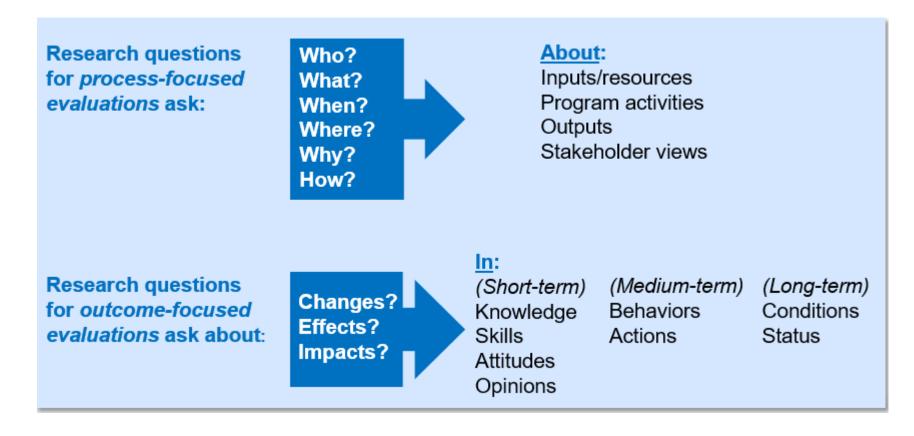
The following are characteristics of a good research question:

- Clearly stated and specific
- Aligns with your theory of change/logic model
- Connects to one or more outcomes of interest
- Measurable and feasible to answer
- Aligns to your chosen evaluation design and scope of evaluation

Basic Principles in Designing Research Questions



Research questions are worded differently depending on their focus:



Basic Principles in Designing Research Questions for a Process Evaluation



- Research questions for a process evaluation should:
 - Focus on the program or a program component
 - Ask who, what, where, when, why, or how?
 - Use exploratory verbs, such as report, describe, discover, seek, or explore

Template for Developing General Research Questions: Process Evaluation



[Who, what, where, when, why, how] is the [program, model, component] for [evaluation purpose]?

Examples of general process questions (more specific subquestions may be developed):

- How is the program being implemented?
- How do program beneficiaries describe their program experiences?
- What resources are being described as needed for implementing the program?

Examples of Research Questions for a Process Evaluation



Broad	to	More Specific
		Are staff implementing the program within the same timeframe?
How is the program		Are staff implementing the program with the same intended target population?
being implemented?		What variations in implementation, if any, occur by site? Why are variations occurring? Are they likely to effect program outcomes?
		Are there unique challenges to implementing the program by site?

Examples of Research Questions for a Process Evaluation



Broad	to	More Specific
How do program beneficiaries describe		What are the benefits for program beneficiaries?
their program experiences?		Are there any unintended consequences of program participation?
What resources are being described as needed for		What recommendations do program staff offer t
implementing the program?		future program implementers?

Research Questions Checklist



- Clearly stated and specific
- Aligns with your theory of change/logic model
- Connects to the outcomes of interest
- Measurable and feasible to answer
- Aligns with your chosen evaluation design and scope of evaluation

Exercise #1: Assessing Potential Research Questions for a Process Evaluation



General research question: Is the program being implemented as intended?

Assess whether each of the following is a good sub-question for the process evaluation:

- Are all AmeriCorps members engaged in delivering health literacy activities?
- To what extent are AmeriCorps members receiving the required training and supervision?
- Are program participants more likely to adopt preventive health practices than nonparticipants?
- To what extent are community partners faithfully replicating the program in other states?

Exercise #1: Suggested Answers



- Are all AmeriCorps members engaged in delivering health literacy activities?
 - Too vague
 - Better: To what extent are AmeriCorps members consistently implementing the program with the same target population across all sites?
- To what extent are AmeriCorps members receiving the required training and supervision?
 - Good question, assuming required training and supervision are defined
- Are program participants more likely to adopt preventive health practices than nonparticipants?
 - This is not appropriate for a process evaluation
- To what extent are community partners faithfully replicating the program in other states?
 - Not aligned with program logic model
 - Better: What variations in community partners' participation, if any, occur by site?

Basic Principles in Designing Research Questions for an Outcome Evaluation



Research questions for an outcome evaluation should:

- Be direct and specific as to the theory or assumption being tested (i.e., program effectiveness or impact)
- Examine changes, effects, or impacts
- Specify the outcome(s) to be measured aligned to the theory of change

Template for Developing Research Questions: Outcome Evaluation



Did [model, program, program component] have a [change, effect] on [outcome(s)] for [individuals, groups, or organizations]?

Examples:

- Did program beneficiaries change their (knowledge, attitude, behavior, or condition) after program completion?
- Did all types of program beneficiaries benefit from the program or only specific subgroups?

Template for Developing Research Questions: Impact Evaluation



Did [model, program, program component] have an [impact] on [outcome(s)] for [individuals, groups, or organizations] relative to a comparison group?

- Comparison between those receiving intervention being studied (program/treatment group) and those not receiving the intervention (comparison/control group)
- Compare data on outcomes of interest for both groups at two different time points

Template for Developing Research Questions: Impact Evaluation



Example:

 Are there differences in outcomes for program participants compared to those not in the program?

	Pre-test	Treatment	Post-test
Intervention Group	X	X	X
Comparison Group	X	0	X

Impact Evaluation Research Questions



- (1) Among parents with a history of involvement with Child Protective Services, were parents who received program services less likely to experience new allegations of maltreatment than parents who did not receive these services?
- (2) Do parents who receive the new, more intensive program services have a lower likelihood of new allegations of maltreatment than parents who receive only the basic program services?

Additional Impact Evaluation Research Question Examples



- Do students who participate in the tutoring program achieve grade-level reading proficiency at higher rates relative to a comparison group of students who did not participate in the tutoring program?
- Are wellness program participants more likely to participate in weekly mindfulness practices compared to similar individuals who did not participate in the wellness program?

Exercise #2: Developing Research Questions for an Outcome or Impact Evaluation



For this exercise, use the program's logic model to identify which outcome(s) to include in the evaluation.

Consider the following:

- Which outcome(s) can be achieved within the timeframe of the evaluation (covering at least one year of program activities)?
- Which outcomes are feasible to measure?
- What data are already available?

Exercise #2: Developing Research Questions for an Outcome or Impact Evaluation



Outcome evaluation:

 Did [model, program, program component] have a [change, effect] on [outcome(s)] for [individuals, groups, or organizations]?

Impact evaluation:

• Did [model, program, program component] have an [impact] on [outcome(s)] for [individuals, groups, or organizations] relative to a comparison group?

Research Questions Checklist



- Clearly stated and specific
- Aligns with your theory of change/logic model
- Connects to the outcomes of interest
- Measurable and feasible to answer
- Aligns with your chosen evaluation design and scope of evaluation

Exercise #2: Suggested Answers



For outcome evaluations that do not include a comparison group:

- Did program participants increase their understanding of prevention after program completion?
- Did program participants feel more confident in the self-management of their pre-existing conditions after program completion?
- Did program participants improve their skills in searching for and using health information after program completion?
- Were program participants more likely to search for and use health information on their own after program completion?

Exercise #2: Suggested Answers



For impact evaluations that include a comparison group:

- Are program participants more likely to adopt healthy behaviors compared to similar individuals who did not participate in the program?
- Are program participants more likely to obtain medical tests and procedures compared to similar individuals who did not participate in the program?
- Does the impact of the program vary by program participants' age, gender, or pre-existing medical condition?

Step 4: Draft and Finalize Evaluation's Research Questions



Consider the following:

- Do the research question(s) fit with the goals for the evaluation?
- Do the research question(s) align with the program's logic model and the components of the program that will be evaluated?
- Are these questions aligned with your funder's requirements?
- What kinds of constraints (costs, time, personnel, etc.) are likely to be encountered in addressing these research question(s)?
- Do the research questions fit into the program's long-term research agenda?

Important Points to Remember



- Research questions are the keystone in an evaluation from which all other activities evolve
- Research questions vary depending on whether you will conduct a process vs an outcome evaluation
- Prior to developing research questions, define the evaluation's purpose and scope and decide the type of evaluation design – process, outcome, or impact.
- Research questions should be clear, specific, and well-defined
- Research questions should be developed in consideration of your longterm research agenda

Resources



- ASN's Evaluation Resources
 - https://www.nationalservice.gov/resources/evaluation/evaluation-resources
- The American Evaluation Association
 - https://www.eval.org/
- The Evaluation Center
 - https://wmich.edu/evaluation
- The Community Tool Box
 - https://ctb.ku.edu/en/evaluating-community-programs-and-initiatives
- Choosing the Right Research Questions
 - https://www.wcasa.org/resources/evaluation/before-you-begin/
- Technical Assistance Portal
 - https://americorpsevaluationta.norc.org/

Questions and Answers



Thank you!

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